

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION N	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/025,477		12/26/2001	Chang Gone Kim	2658-0279P	2997	
2292	759	05/20/2004	2004		EXAMINER	
-		ART KOLASCH &	AWAD, AMR A			
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		,		2675		
				DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/025,477	KIM, CHANG GONE				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Amr Awad	2675				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Ag	oril 2004.					
·		action is non-final.					
/	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
7)							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
	oco uno attacnica detalled Office action for a list	or the definited copies flot receive	u.				
Attachmen		_					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🔲 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/025,477 Page 2

Art Unit: 2675

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1, 8, 12, 17 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. claim 1 recites "a voltage controller disposed between the power supply ...for simultaneously receiving the gate high ...using a plurality of switching circuits to supply the gate high voltage after the gate low voltage is supplied to the driving circuit". This citation is not clear because the supplying should be supplied to the "device" as recited in lines 4-5. it is also not clear to the examiner the differences if any between "a device" as recited in line 5 and "a device driving circuit". Similar recitations is found in claims 8, 12, 17 and 20. The Examiner respectfully requests a clarification or correction.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/025,477

Art Unit: 2675

4. Claims 1, 8, 11-12, 17 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yasui (US patent NO. 5,784,039; hereinafter referred to as Yasui) in view of Applicant admitted prior art (figure 2, hereinafter referred to as APA).

As to independent claim 1, Yasui (figures 1A, 1B and 2) teaches a power sequence apparatus comprising: a power supply (the power supply for generating VG1 through VGm+1) for simultaneously generating a gate high voltage (V_{GH}) and a gate low voltage (V_{GL}) (col. 5, lines 32-62). Yasui (figures 2A, 3B, 4A and 4B) teaches a device driving circuit sequentially supplying the gate high voltage (V_{GH}) and then the gate low voltage to a device (V_{GL}); and a voltage controller (the switch disposed between V_{GH} and V_{GH} shown in figures 3A and 3B) disposed between the power supply and the device driving circuit, and processing the gate high voltage using a plurality of switching circuits (as can be seen in figures 3A and 3B; each gate line has its switch equivalent circuit) to supply the gate high voltage after the gate low voltage is supplied to the device driving circuit (col. 6, lines 7-67 and col. 9, lines 28-44).

Yasui does not expressly teach having the high and low voltage supplied simultaneously. However, APA (figure 2) shows simultaneously applying high and low voltages VGH and VGL (page 3, lines 16-27).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the teaching of APA having the VGL and VGH voltages simultaneously applied to be incorporated to Yasui's device so as to be able to synchronized the two voltage to be able to control the power supply sequence with ease without malfunction.

Application/Control Number: 10/025,477

Art Unit: 2675

As to independent claim 8, the claim is substantially similar to claim 1 and would be rejected as shown above with respect to claim 1. The claim further includes the limitation of timing control part for generating a switching control signal. As can be seen in figures 3A and 3B, Yasui shows the timing control shown by the controlling of switching between the high voltage gate and the low voltage gate based on the time period, which is fairly reads on the claimed limitation.

As to independent claim 12, the claim is substantially similar to claim 1 above except that claim 12 specifically recites that the device is part of a display panel that includes data driver. As can be seen in figure 1A, Yasui shows a display panel that includes a data driver (2) and a gate driver (3).

As to independent claim 17, the claim is substantially similar to claim8 adding to it that claim 17 also recites a display panel with gate driver and data driver. As can be seen in figure 1A, Yasui shows a display panel with gate driver (2) and data driver (source driver 2).

As to claim 20, the claim is a method corresponds to apparatus of claim 1 and would be analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim 1.

As to claim 11, as can be seen from figure 2, the switching is applied after a driving power is supplied to the power supply and after the gate low voltage is supplied from the power supply to the device driving circuit (col. 4, line 66 through col. 5, line 62).

Application/Control Number: 10/025,477 Page 5

Art Unit: 2675

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 2-7, 9-10, 13-16 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yasui and APA in view of Lee (US Publication NO. 2001/0033266A1).

As to claims 2, 9, 13 and 18, as can be seen above with respect to claim 1, Yasui and APA teachall the limitations of claims 2, 9, 13 and 18 except the citation of first switching circuit disposed between the power supply and the device driving circuit, and a second switching circuit connected between the first switching circuit and a gate output line of the power supply.

However, Lee (figure 5) teaches an active matrix liquid crystal display that includes a voltage controller (46), low level gate voltage generator (40), high level voltage generator (44), first switch (39) connected between the power supply and the device driving circuit and a second switch (50) connected between the first switch and a gate low level voltage (page 4, paragraph NO. 37).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the teaching of Lee having two switching circuits arranged in the described manner, to replace the circuit of Yasui so as

Application/Control Number: 10/025,477 Page 6

Art Unit: 2675

motivated by Lee, to eliminate flickering and residual images with a simplified circuit configuration (page 2, paragraph NO. 11).

As to claims 3 and 14, Lee (figure 7) shows a first resistor (R1) and a capacitor (C1) connected in parallel to the second switch (50) for switching the second switch according to a RC time constant (page 4, paragraph NO. 39), the second resistor (R2) shown in figure 10 connected between the second switching (50) and a ground voltage can be easily combined to figure 7 so as to be able to prevent a leakage of voltage to be charged (page 5, paragraph NO. 41).

As to claim 4, as can be seen above with respect to claim 3, Lee shows RC circuit (R1 and C1) connected between the second switching (50) and the power supply.

As to claim 5, it is apparent from figures 4 and 7 of Lee's the whole device is build on a single substrate which makes it obvious that the two switches are integrated into a single chip.

As to claims 6 and 15, the claims are broad enough that the wiring between the first and second switch in figure 5 of Lee's device can be considered the resistor which connects the first and the second switches.

As to claims 7, 10, 16 and 19, the transistor (MN) in figure 9 of Lee's device is part of the second switch.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Maekawa et al. (US patent NO. 6,509,894) teaches a power generator circuit.

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amr. Awad whose telephone number is (703)308-8485.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, between 9:00AM to 5:30PM.

* Application/Control Number: 10/025,477

Art Unit: 2675

Page 8

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Saras can be reached on (703)305-9720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)872-9314.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-4750.

Amr Ahmed Awron 5- 14-2004

ΑА